

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

Product identifier	PRODUCTION CLEAR ACTIV	ATOR - M
Other means of identification		
Product Code	AD-53704-QT	
Recommended use	Automotive Refinish Hardener	/Activator
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Company name Address	ADVANTAGE REFINISH PRC a division of IAMG/Internationa 1505 N. Hayden Road Suite 111 Scottsdale, Arizona 85257 United States	
Telephone Website E-mail	General Assistance www.advantagerefinish.com Not available.	1-87-REFINISH
Emergency phone number	Chemtrec	1-800-424-9300
2. Hazard(s) identification		

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2B
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Danger

Signal word Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	96.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 26.59% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 57.19% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 56.88% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

ixtures			
Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
homopolymer of HDI		28182-81-2	30 to <40
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	30 to <40
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	1 to <5
light aromatic solvent naphtha		64742-95-6	1 to <5
Mesitylene		108-67-8	1 to <5
Cumene		98-82-8	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable le	evels		20 to <30

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
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General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

r. Handling and Storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	S		
Components	Туре	Value	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
	TWA	150 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-8)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
			000 14

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Exposure guidelines	
US - California OELs: Skin d	lesignation
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
US - Minnesota Haz Subs: S	kin designation applies
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Skin designation applies.
US - Tennessee OELs: Skin	-
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
	Chemical Hazards: Skin designation
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) US. OSHA Table 7-1 Limits f	Can be absorbed through the skin. for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.
•	such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Clear colorless or nearly colorless
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated
Flash point	71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.4 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	7.5 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	15.33 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.

Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	797 °F (425 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	8.44 lbs/gal
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	46.5 %
Specific gravity	1.01
VOC	3.9 lbs/gal Material 3.9 lbs/gal Regulatory 470 g/l Material 470 g/l Regulatory

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

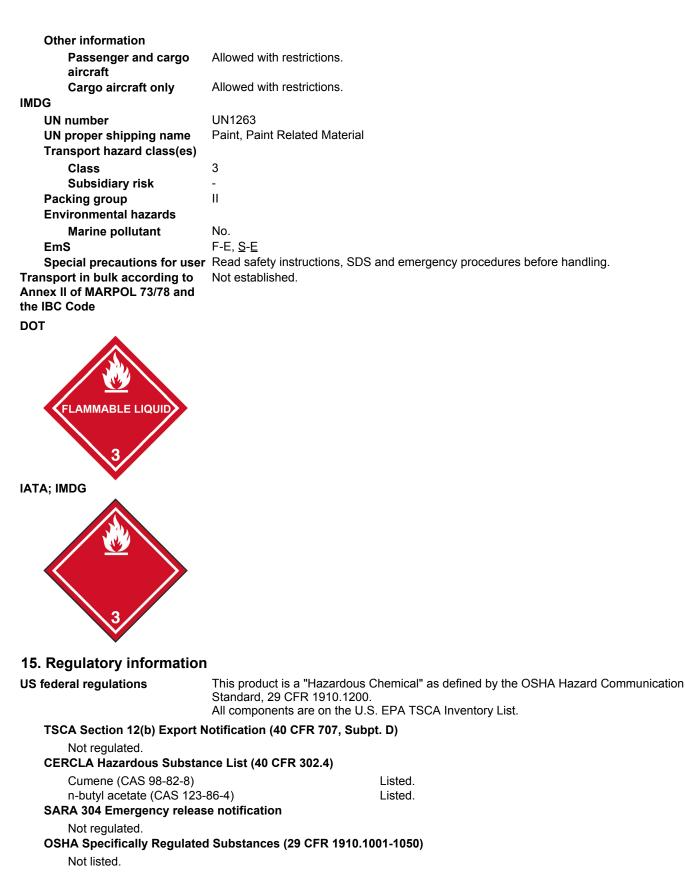
#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Components	Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (C	AS 95-63-6)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 2000 ppm, 48 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	6 g/kg

Components	Species		Test Results	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)				
<u>Acute</u>				
Inhalation				
LC50	Mouse		2000 ppm, 7 Hours	
			24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours	
	Rat		8000 ppm, 4 Hours	
Oral				
LD50	Rat		1400 mg/kg	
Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-8)				
<u>Acute</u>				
Oral				
LD50	Rat		8970 mg/kg	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)				
Acute				
Inhalation				
LC50	Wistar rat		160 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral				
LD50	Rat		14000 mg/kg	
* Estimates for product may b	be based on add	itional component data not shown.		
Skin corrosion/irritation		in contact may cause temporary irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes eye ir	ritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	'n			
Respiratory sensitization		lergy or asthma symptoms or breathing di	ifficulties if inhaled.	
Skin sensitization	May cause ar	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.			
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.			
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of C	Carcinogenicity		
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)		2B Possibly carcinoger	nic to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulate Not listed.	ed Substances	(29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Reproductive toxicity	This product i	s not expected to cause reproductive or c	levelopmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause dr	owsiness and dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified			
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspira	tion hazard.		
Chronic effects		nalation may be harmful. Prolonged expos	sure may cause chronic effects.	
12. Ecological information	· ·			
Ecotoxicity		tic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long la	sting effects.	
Components		Species	Test Results	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS	8 95-63-6)	-		
Aquatic	/			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	s) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)		· · · · · · ·		
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours	
	2000	(Oncorhynchus mykiss)		

Components		Species	Test Results
Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-8)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Goldfish (Carassius auratus)	9.89 - 15.05 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4	l)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
* Estimates for product may be	e based on addit	ional component data not shown.	
Persistence and degradability	No data is avai	lable on the degradability of this product.	
Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient n-octan	ol / water (log K		
		3.66 1.78	
n-butyl acetate Mobility in soil	No data availal		
Other adverse effects		se environmental effects (e.g. ozone depl	ation photochomical azona creation
Other adverse enects		crine disruption, global warming potential)	
13. Disposal consideration	IS		
Disposal instructions	this material to with chemical of	laim or dispose in sealed containers at lic drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not o or used container. Dispose of contents/con ational/international regulations.	contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in acc	ordance with all applicable regulations.	
Hazardous waste code	The waste cod disposal compa	e should be assigned in discussion betwe any.	en the user, the producer and the waste
Waste from residues / unused products		ccordance with local regulations. Empty c es. This material and its container must be ctions).	
Contaminated packaging		containers may retain product residue, fol y containers should be taken to an approv	low label warnings even after container is ed waste handling site for recycling or
14. Transport information			
DOT			
UN number	UN1263		
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	Paint, Paint Re	lated Material	
Class	3		

01033	0
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	1
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.



Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Haz	ard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	-	Delayed Hazard - Yes
		Fire Hazard - Yes
		Pressure Hazard - No
		Reactivity Hazard - No

	SARA 302 Extremely hazard	lous substance			
	Not listed.	NI.			
	SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No			
	SARA 313 (TRI reporting)		040	0/ 1	
	Chemical name		CAS number	% by wt.	
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Cumene		95-63-6 98-82-8	1 to <5 0.1 to <1	
Ot	her federal regulations				
	Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air I	Pollutants (HAPs) List		
	Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112(r) Accidental Re	elease Prevention (40 CFR 68	3.130)	
	Not regulated.				
	Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.			
US	state regulations				
	US. California Controlled Su	ıbstances. CA Depar	tment of Justice (California I	Health and Safety Code	Section 11100)
	Not listed.				
	US. California. Candidate Cl (a))	hemicals List. Safer (	Consumer Products Regulat	ions (Cal. Code Regs, tit	t. 22, 69502.3, subd.
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ( Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)				
	light aromatic solvent nap Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-	8)	6)		
	US. Massachusetts RTK - S	ubstance List			
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ( Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-	8)			
	n-butyl acetate (CAS 123 US. New Jersey Worker and		Know Act		
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (				
	Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-	8)			
	n-butyl acetate (CAS 123 US. Pennsylvania Worker a		to-Know Law		
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ( Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Mesitylene (CAS 108-67-	CAS 95-63-6) 8)			
	n-butyl acetate (CAS 123 US. Rhode Island RTK	-86-4)			
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ( Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123				
	US. California Proposition 6	5			
	•		nown to the State of California		
	•		date/Carcinogenic substanc		
	Cumene (CAS 98-82	:-8)	Listed: April 6, 201	0	
Int	ernational Inventories				
	Country(s) or region	Inventory name	of Obernier LO, hat a second		On inventory (yes/no)*
	Australia	-	of Chemical Substances (AIC	5)	Yes
	Canada	Domestic Substance	. ,		Yes
	Canada	Non-Domestic Subs			No
	China		Chemical Substances in Chin		Yes
	Europe	European Inventory Substances (EINEC	of Existing Commercial Chem S)	ICAI	No
	_				

European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)

Europe

No

No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	11-17-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses.